Japan's ODA: Rolling Plan for Papua New Guinea

As of April, 2016

[Priority Area 1]	Strengthening of the I	Foundation of Economic Growth												
[Development Issue]	commodity prices. Furthermore, since existing infrastructures are not appropriately maintained, they are vulnerable to natural disasters.				traffic infrastructure such as roads, ports, airports and energy and electricity infrastructure including renewable e such as power plants and power grid systems, which are essential for improving the foundation of people's livelih									
	Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Before JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019	JFY 2020	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note		
			The Project for Improvement of Road Maintenance Equipment	GA		-					8.64			
	Economic Infrastructure Development and Maintenance		The Project for the Reconstruction of Bridges on New Britain Highway	GA							31.60			
			Ramu Transmission System Reinforcement Project	LA							83.40			
		cture ports and airports), power and energy infrastructure (e.g. power	Nadzab Airport Redevelopment Project	LA							269.42			
			The Project for Capacity Development on Road Maintenance	TCP							4.00			
strengthening of the			The Project for Capacity Development on Materializing the Specialized Technical Training Programs for Department of Works Staff	TCP			•••••							
ocio-Economic ofrastructure			The Project for Capacity Development of Department of Transport in Port Policy and Administration	TCP										
			Project for Formulation of Ramu System Power Development Master Plan and Lae Area Distribution Network Improvement Plan	TCDP							3.96			
			Project for the Study on Lae-Nazab Urban Development Plan	TCDP										
			Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid on Economic Infrastructure Sector	GGP							0.40			
			Development Plan Advisor	EXP								related another program		
			Training programs on Economic infrastructure	TR										
			Economic Social development Plan	GA							3.00			
			Economic Social development Plan	GA							5.00			

[Development Issue]	[Background] While mining sector is developed by using abundant natural resources, rural areas, where 85 % of the population is living, are basically self-sufficient and developing only primary industries predominantly but no processing industries. Residents in rural area, where inadequate transport access, are still living in difficult conditions with little opportunity to improve agricultural techniques and sell their own products in markets. It is required to conduct activities related stimulation of economic activities and social stability through predominantly infrastructure development, as well as environmental improvement of investment and business promotion, strengthening governance, promotion of working opportunity by technical capacity building. [Japan's Assistance Policy] Japan will encourage to promote efficient and effective sustainable which contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute improve agricultural techniques and sell their own products in markets. It is required to conduct activities related stimulation of economic assistance Policy] Japan will encourage to promote efficient and effective sustainable which contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute improve agricultural techniques and sector development of economic assistance Policy] Japan will encourage to promote efficient and effective sustainable which contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute improve agricultural echnical support for contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute improve agricultural echnical support for contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute to social stability their contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute to social stability, and technical support for contribute to social stability their contribute of economic assistance Policy] Japan will enc									uting to expansion of investment, trade promotion, ment. s livelihood in rural area, where most of the cial and industry promotion, taking into account the sheries. anese company's advance, Japan will assist		
	Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Before JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019	JFY 2020	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
	Industrial Promotion	investment and trade environment. Japan will support expansion of processing technique such as Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries and improving commercial management. Japan also will support promoting of participatory development which contributes to enhancing ownership of community and strengthening the power of community autonomy. Japan will further support	The Project for Rehabilitation of Madang Town Market	GA	2313	_					10.04	
Stimulating of economic activities			Project for Rehabilitation of Alotau town Market and Fisheries Facilities	PS								
economic activities			PNG Social and Economic Empowerment for Women in Mining and Petroleum Areas	ML							2.07	WB-JSDF
			Dispatching Volunteers for Vocational training, Human Resource Development	JOCV, SV								
		promoting of sustainable development through improvement of public commercial facilities.	Training Programs on Promotion of Economical Activities and on Community Development	TR								

[Priority Area 2]	Improvement of Social Services													
[Development Issue]	low adult literacy rate of barriers to education. S insufficient. The Gover Increasing access realized by measures s	education sector faces issues such as low enrolment and retention in both primary and secondary education, and teracy rate of 58.6%. Distance to schools, parents' attitude towards education and cost of schooling are examples of education. Specialized human resources such as engineers that will be the driving force of industry are far. The Government of PNG aims to provide nine years basic education for all children. Sing access to education and improving quality of education are among the imperative tasks, which should be measures such as curriculum development, improvement of lesson quality and number of teachers, development and reduction of education administrative costs. [Japan's Assistance Policy] In the education sector, Japan will support strengthening the education system and capacity building quality enhancement and facilities improvement at primary and secondary education, as well as upgradic education and strengthening technical and vocational education and training, taking into account Japan cooperation policy 2016-2020. Japan participates in the education Sector Wide Approach (SWAP). Grant Assistance for Grassrool Security Projects is also utilized in the education sector.										n, as well as upgrading the higher g into account Japan's education		
	Program	Program Program Summary Project So						JFY 2018	JFY 2019	JFY 2020	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note		
	Remote and Islands Areas Education Support Program		Improvement of Quality of Teaching Materials (Process of Material Development)	TR	2015					,				
Strengthening of			Improvement of Quality of Teaching Materials (Analysis)	TR										
Capacity for Equitable Quality Education		This program aims to improve primary and secondary education	Pacific Leaders' Educational Assistance for Development of State(Pacific-LEADS)	TR	-									
		by upgrading quality of teachers, classroom teaching and curriculum development. Use of education	and curriculum of education Policy Advisor											
		Access to education will be improved also by upgrading educational facilities.	Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid on Education Sector	GGP							0.20			
			Dispatching Volunteers as Science & Math teachers, Japanese Language teachers, etc.	JOCV, SV										
			Training Programs on Education	TR										
			Improving the Quality of Mathematice and Science Education in Papua New Guinea	TCP	•						5.00			
[Development Issue]	rural areas of PNG, du closure or insufficient of facilities. Improvement of me	e to a lack of health and medical ser operation of medical facilities caused	rate of infant and maternal mortality are still serious problems in vices and low vaccination rate. The problems are compounded by by a lack of operational budgets, their staff, drugs and deteriorated crease of the number of medical staffs as well as improvement of and medical services.	in the problems are compounded by infectious diseases, and training of medical personnel in rural areas in line with National Health Policy 2011-2020 gets, their staff, drugs and deteriorated Japan will continue dispatch of volunteers and provisions of equipment and grassroot assistance program in ord improve the quality of medical services, to promote awareness of preventive health care and to provide opportu										
			Project				Sche	edule			Assistance			
	Program	Program Summary		Scheme	Before JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019	JFY 2020	Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note		
Improvement of Health and Medical		This program aims to institutionalise health care services accessible in rural areas by	Provision of Specific Medical Equipment for Pacific Program to Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis(PACELF)	EQ										
Services	Health and Medical Program for Islands Region	improving the quality of services and promotion of awareness of preventive health care including infant infectious diseases, measles, malaria, filariasis, HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis.	Dispatching Volunteers for Rural Development and Rural	JOCV, SV						_				
			Training Programs on Health and Medical Treatment	TR										
The others	The others	The others	Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid on Other Sector	GGP							0.07			

[Priority Area 3]	Environment and Climate Change													
[Development Issue]	natural resources and such as waste disposa	rural-to-urban migration. A particular I and sewerage systems in urban ar	I environments and living conditions caused by development of a concern has been directed to under-development of infrastructure eas. Rehabilitation of a waste dump site, improvement of rage need to be addressed urgently.	to under-development of infrastructure environment and protection of natural environment in islands nation such as PNG that are vulnerable to changes of environment of environment. Japan assists with improvement of capacity of waste management within the framework the Regional										
	Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Before JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019	JFY 2020	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note		
	Formulation of Recycling-Oriented		Training Programs on Recycling-Oriented Society Related Issue	TR	2015									
	Society in Islands		Project for Promotion of Regional Initiative on Solid Waste Management in Pacific Islands Countries Phase2(J-PRISM)	TCP								Regional Project		
Environment Conservation	Natural Environment Conservation		Port Moresby Sewerage System Upgrading Project	LA						82.61				
		Japan assists Government of PNG to implement measures	The Project for Biodiversity Conservation through Implementation of the PNG Policy on Protected Areas	TCP					_	5.50				
		addressing protection of natural environment and living conditions.	The Project for Capacity Development on Mine Waste Management	TCP		••••	•••••	••••						
			Training Programs on Natural Environment Rrelated Issue TR											
[Development Issue]	for small agricultural de and Development, and capacity of forest mana	Id is covered by forest in PNG. Recently, PNG's forest has been deteriorating due to logging and clearing the land pricultural development. To address this problem, the PNG government has set up the Office of Climate Change pment, and in an international arena, PNG has co-chaired the REDD+ Partnership with Japan. However, PNG's forest management is still inadequate up to date, while PNG Government also works to conserve forest resources is cement of capacities of institutions such as PNG Forest Authority for better management of forest resources is										able energy, and measures against		
	Program	Japan assists with the efforts made by the PNG government in its measures against climate change and management and	Project	Scheme Before				dule		ı	Assistance Amount	Note		
	Program		rioject	Scrienie	Before JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019	JFY 2020	(100 Million Yen)	Note		
	Japan assists with the efforts made by the PNG government in its measures against climate change and management and maintenance of forest resources.		Capacity Development Project for Operationalization of PNG Forest Resource Information Management System for Addressing Climate Change	TCP					_		7.00			
Climate Change Measure			Training Programs on Forest Conservation and Climate Change Related Issues	TR										
	The others	The others	The Project of Solar Power Generation and Seawater Desalination(RO) System	ML							3.96	PEC		
			The Project for Capacity Development to Develop National GHG inventories	TCP										
			Long-term Training Program for Human Resources Development in Mining Sector	CTR			_							

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [DD] = Detailed Design, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [EQ] = Equipment, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Issue-based Training / Training Program for Young Leaders, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [SV] = Senior Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Training, [ICT] = In-Country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [JPP] = JICA Partnership Program, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [GA] = Grant Aid (other than specific grant aid schemes listed below), [NPGA] = Non-Project Grant Aid, [GGP] = Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid, [JNGA] = Grant Aid for Japanese NGO's Projects, [CGA] = Cultural Grant Aid, [GCGA] = Grassroots Cultural Grant Aid, [LA] = Loan Aid (ODA Loan), [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation, Solid Line [------] = Tentative Schedule